



**U.S. Department
of Transportation**

Federal Motor Carrier
Safety Administration

1200 New Jersey Avenue SE
Washington DC 20590

JUN 24 2015

Refer to: MC-PSD

Mr. Steven Todd
Vice President
Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association
Trinity Centre One
5870 Trinity Centre Pkwy., Suite 200
Centreville, VA 20120

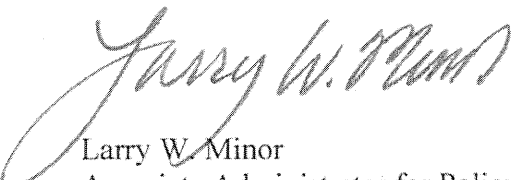
Dear Mr. Todd:

In response to your request of October 17, 2014, the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) has granted the Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association (SC&RA) an exemption for the 30-minute break provision in 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii). A notice granting the exemption was published in the Federal Register on June 18, 2015 (80 FR 34957). A copy of that notice is enclosed.

The FMCSA has determined that granting SC&RA an exemption from the requirements of § 395.3(a)(3)(ii) is in the public interest, and that the exemption is likely to achieve a level of safety equivalent to the level of safety that would be obtained in the absence of the exemption. The exemption is valid from June 18, 2015, through June 18, 2017. The terms and conditions of this exemption are specified on the attached pages.

Should you have any questions, please contact Mr. Thomas Yager, Chief, Driver and Carrier Operations Division, at (202) 366-4325, or by email at tom.yager@dot.gov.

Sincerely yours,


Larry W. Minor
Associate Administrator for Policy

Attachment



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Federal Motor Carrier
Safety Administration

1200 New Jersey Avenue SE
Washington DC 20590

FEB 26 2016

Refer to: MC-PSD

Mr. Steven Todd
Vice President
Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association
Trinity Centre One
5870 Trinity Centre Pkwy., Suite 200
Centreville, VA 20120

Dear Mr. Todd:

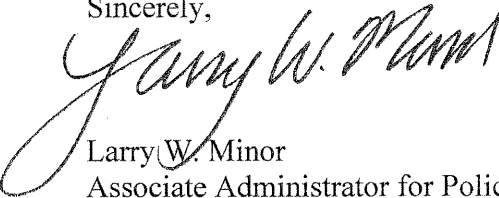
The limited hours-of-service (HOS) exemption granted to the Specialized Carriers and Rigging Association (SC&RA) has been extended through June 18, 2020.

Section 5206(a)(2) of the "Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act," (FAST Act), effective October 1, 2015, extends existing HOS exemptions five years from their dates of inception. The FMCSA will provide public notice of this change in the Federal Register.

The FMCSA will continue to monitor SC&RA member carriers. If the level of safety of these carriers and drivers while exempt from the 30-minute rest break requirement of the HOS rules [49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii)] deteriorates, FMCSA will take all steps necessary to protect the public interest, including revocation of the exemption.

Should you have any questions, please contact Mr. Thomas Yager, Chief, Driver and Carrier Operations Division, at 614-942-6477, or by email at tom.yager@dot.gov.

Sincerely,



Larry W. Minor
Associate Administrator for Policy

Attachment

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
Hours-of-Service Exemption for the
Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association (SC&RA)

TERMS OF THE EXEMPTION

PERIOD OF THE EXEMPTION

This exemption from the requirements of 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii) (Rest Breaks) is approved for the period from June 18, 2015, through June 18, 2020.

EXTENT OF THE EXEMPTION

This exemption is restricted to **all specialized carriers and drivers responsible for the transportation of loads that exceed normal weight and dimensional limits** – oversize/overweight (OS/OW) loads – and require a permit issued by a government authority. **This exemption is limited strictly to the provisions of 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii) (30-minute break rule).** On each trip under a State-issued permit, these drivers will not be required to take a 30 minute break. *These drivers must comply with all other applicable provisions of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSRs).*

PREEMPTION

During the period this exemption is in effect, no State shall enforce any law or regulation that conflicts with or is inconsistent with this exemption with respect to a firm or person operating under the exemption (49 U.S.C. 31315(d)).

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- (1) Drivers of specialized loads moving in interstate commerce that exceed normal weight and dimensional limits – oversize/overweight (OS/OW) loads – and require a permit issued by a government authority, are exempt from the requirement for a 30-minute rest break in Section 395.3(a)(3)(ii).
- (2) Drivers must have a copy of this exemption document in their possession while operating under the terms of the exemption. The exemption document must be presented to law enforcement officials upon request.
- (3) All motor carriers operating under this exemption must have a “Satisfactory” safety rating with FMCSA, or be “unrated.” Motor carriers with “Conditional” or “Unsatisfactory” FMCSA safety ratings are prohibited from using this exemption.
- (4) All motor carriers operating under this exemption must have Safety Measurement System (SMS) scores below FMCSA’s intervention thresholds, as displayed at <http://ai.fmcsa.dot.gov/sms/>.
- (5) Any motor carrier utilizing this exemption must notify FMCSA within 5 business days of any accident (as defined in 49 CFR 390.5), involving any of the motor carrier’s

CMVs operating under the terms of this exemption. The notification must include the following information:

- (a) Name of operating motor carrier and USDOT number,
- (b) Date of the accident,
- (c) City or town, and State, in which the accident occurred, or closest to the accident scene,
- (d) Driver's name and license number and State of issuance
- (e) Vehicle number and State license plate number,
- (f) Number of individuals suffering physical injury,
- (g) Number of fatalities,
- (h) The police-reported cause of the accident,
- (i) Whether the driver was cited for violation of any traffic laws or motor carrier safety regulations, and
- (j) The driver's total driving time and total on-duty time period prior to the accident.

Reports filed under this provision shall be e-mailed to MCPSD@DOT.GOV.

TERMINATION

The FMCSA does not believe the drivers covered by this exemption will experience any deterioration of their safety record. However, should this occur, FMCSA will take all steps necessary to protect the public interest, including revocation of the exemption. The FMCSA will immediately revoke the exemption for failure to comply with its terms and conditions.

Phase 2 assessment will include survey questions and short quizzes to be answered by the participants before and shortly after the training sessions, in order to gauge student absorption and retention of the course materials. Information will be collected in hardcopy or electronic form.

Phase 3 is a behavior assessment, conducted at least two months following the completion of the training sessions. This phase is designed to assess changes in responder behavior, the relevance of those changes to improved incident response, and their sustainability over time. Information will be collected via survey of training participants, their peers, and their supervisors. Peer and supervisor feedback is essential to obtaining objective, reliable assessments of trainee behavior change. Information will be collected via electronic survey.

Phase 4 assesses organizational change resulting from the training program in the medium and long-terms. Surveys will be distributed electronically to senior management officials of trainee organizations. Initial surveys will be conducted at least three months after training sessions, with annual follow-up surveys for up to three years to gauge long-term effects of the training program.

Respondents: For training participants: Approximately 33,905 training participants in the first year, 36,905 in the second year, 53,905 in the third year—total of approximately 124,715 participants over a three year period. For supervisors: Approximately 3,390 in the first year, 3,690 in the second year, and 5,390 in the third year—total of 12,470 over three years. For senior management: Approximately 1,130 in the first year, 1,230 in the second year, and 1,800 in the third year—4,160 total over three years, including annual follow-up surveys of first and second year organizations. Total estimated respondents per year: Approximately 38,425 in year one, 41,925 in year two, 61,095 in year three—grand total of 141,445 over three years.

Frequency: Annually.
Estimated Average Burden per Response: For training participants: Approximately 45 minutes per participant. For supervisors: Approximately 30 minutes per participant. For senior managers: Approximately 30 minutes per participant.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: For training participants: Approximately 31,179 hours annually. For supervisors: Approximately 2,078 hours annually. For senior managers:

Approximately 693 hours annually. Total hours annually: 33,950.

Electronic Access: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for accessing the dockets.

Public Comments Invited: You are asked to comment on any aspect of this information collection, including: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the U.S. DOT's performance, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the U.S. DOT's estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection; (3) ways to enhance the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the collected information; and (4) ways that the burden could be minimized, including the use of electronic technology, without reducing the quality of the collected information. The agency will summarize and/or include your comments in the request for OMB's clearance of this information collection.

Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995; 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended; and 49 CFR 1.48.

Issued on: June 11, 2015.

Michael Howell,

Information Collections Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-14933 Filed 6-17-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-22-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

[Docket No. FMCSA-2014-0420]

Hours of Service of Drivers: Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association (SC&RA); Application for Exemption

AGENCY: Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of final disposition; grant of application for exemption.

SUMMARY: FMCSA announces its decision to grant the Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association (SC&RA) an exemption from the minimum 30-minute rest break provision of the Agency's hours-of-service (HOS) regulations for commercial motor vehicle (CMV) drivers. The exemption enables all specialized carriers and drivers responsible for the transportation of loads that exceed normal weight and dimensional limits—oversize/overweight (OS/OW) loads—and require a permit issued by a government authority, to be exempt

from the 30-minute rest break provision in 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii). FMCSA has analyzed the exemption application and the public comments and has determined that the exemption, subject to the terms and conditions imposed, will achieve a level of safety that is equivalent to, or greater than, the level that would be achieved absent such exemption.

DATES: The exemption is effective June 18, 2015 and expires on June 18, 2017.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Richard Clemente, FMCSA Driver and Carrier Operations Division; Office of Carrier, Driver, and Vehicle Safety Standards; Telephone: 202-366-4325. Email: MCPD@dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

FMCSA has authority under 49 U.S.C. 31136(e) and 31315 to grant exemptions from certain parts of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. FMCSA must publish a notice of each exemption request in the **Federal Register** (49 CFR 381.315(a)). The Agency must provide the public an opportunity to inspect the information relevant to the application, including any safety analyses that have been conducted. The Agency must also provide an opportunity for public comment on the request.

The Agency reviews safety analyses and public comments submitted, and determines whether granting the exemption would likely achieve a level of safety equivalent to, or greater than, the level that would be achieved by the current regulation (49 CFR 381.305). The decision of the Agency must be published in the **Federal Register** (49 CFR 381.315(b)) with the reasons for denying or granting the application and, if granted, the name of the person or class of persons receiving the exemption, and the regulatory provision from which the exemption is granted. The notice must also specify the effective period of the exemption (up to 2 years) and explain the terms and conditions of the exemption. The exemption may be renewed (49 CFR 381.300(b)).

Request for Exemption

The SC&RA is an international trade association of nearly 1,300 member companies from 43 nations. SC&RA members are involved in specialized transportation, machinery moving and erecting, industrial maintenance, millwrighting, and crane rigging, operation, manufacturing, and rental.

SC&RA requests an exemption from the 30-minute rest break provision in 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii). The exemption

would apply industry-wide to all specialized carriers and drivers responsible for the transportation of loads exceeding standard legal weight and dimensional limits—oversize/overweight (OS/OW) loads—that require a permit issued by a government authority. According to SC&RA, the 30-minute break uniquely affects OS/OW loads and has exacerbated the number of instances in which drivers have had to park these loads at roadside, impacting the safety of both the general public and the driver. The hours of operation in which a driver may move an OS/OW load on a valid permit vary from State to State, and among local jurisdictions within a State. Because hours in which an OS/OW load can travel are restricted by permit requirements, often those hours are in conflict with the timing of the required 30-minute rest break.

According to SC&RA, as less space is available for parking OS/OW vehicles, specialized tractor/trailer combinations transporting OS/OW loads will increasingly be parked alongside interstate or other highways and ramp shoulders, further compromising safety. An average OS/OW load may measure approximately 15–16 feet wide and high and in excess of 100 feet in length. Occasionally, the safest option for drivers is to park such loads on the shoulders of interstate routes and other highways, and on ramps leading to and from those highways. This decision requires the driver to protect and alert the motoring public by employing traffic control measures such as setting up safety cones. In some instances, the OS/OW load is so large and/or the shoulder width is so limited, that the tractor-trailer combination cannot be properly parked off the roadway and therefore occupies an entire lane of the road.

SC&RA states that the industry has been diligent in ensuring that its drivers are safety-compliant by identifying, deploying, analyzing and monitoring best practices. The effectiveness of the industry's efforts is substantiated through its safety record. By demand and due to the type and nature of the size and weight involved, these drivers tend to be more experienced and skilled than many drivers in the industry. Safety is achieved through rigorous, mandated training for all drivers on a daily, weekly, monthly and quarterly basis in conjunction with annual safety checks, and self-imposed random safety audits. Furthermore, most specialized transportation carriers conduct weekly—or sometimes more frequent—meetings with drivers to ensure that they are current on information with

regard to operating OS/OW loads in their industry.

Further details regarding SC&RA's safety controls can be found in its application for exemption. The application can be accessed in the docket identified at the beginning of this notice. SC&RA does not foresee any negative impact to safety from the requested exemption. It believes that granting the exemption would have a favorable impact on overall safety by reducing the frequency of drivers resorting to less than ideal parking options, thereby reducing the frequency of lanes being partially or fully blocked.

The proposed exemption would be effective for 2 years, the maximum period allowed by § 381.300.

Public Comments

On November 24, 2014, FMCSA published notice of this application, and asked for public comment (79 FR 69983); 79 responses were submitted. Comments in favor of the proposed exemption were submitted by the California Construction Trucking Association (CCTA); Dawes Rigging & Crane Rental Inc.; Mammoet USA South Inc.; Miller Transfer; the Owner-Operator Independent Drivers Association (OOIDA); Suit-Kote Corporation; and 42 individuals and truck drivers.

CCTA stated that it “encourages FMCSA to grant the exemption from the 30-minute break requirement (49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii)) requested by SC&RA because we believe granting the exemption request will achieve the same level of safety benefit when compared to those drivers still mandated to take the break.”

OOIDA concurred “with the request for exemption of the 30-minute break requirement submitted by the SCRA. The exemption request, which addresses a number of concerns raised by OOIDA members with the 2013 changes to the hours-of-service regulations, would provide a level of safety equal to or greater than that achieved without the exemption. Oversize/Overweight loads present challenges for the driver and all other parties involved in the movement of the load.”

Ms. Tiffany Myhre commented that “I support the exemption filed by SC&RA regarding the 30 minute break requirement for carriers hauling oversize/overweight loads under a permit. This break can cause concerns when we have DPS escorts that are trying to push us through the 30 minute break.”

The American Trucking Associations (ATA) and the International Union of

Operating Engineers (IUOE) were among 26 respondents that did not explicitly support or oppose the proposed exemption. Many of the individual respondents commented on the impracticality of the 30-minute rule and the unintended consequences it entails.

The ATA wrote that “The safety of the industry and the driving public is better served by rules that encourage flexibility to drive when alert and to make decisions to reduce risk. Furthermore, by crafting and enforcing a rigid rule that doesn't account for diversity of trucking operations, FMCSA is forced to expend additional valuable resources to address the myriad of exemption requests seeking the additional flexibility that should have been addressed during the rulemaking process.”

A commenter who identified himself as Arthur P. stated that “Most routes on 2 lane roads have no parking for trucks let alone a truck with an OS load. States like Ohio and Pennsylvania will not allow you off your route for fuel or food let alone a DOT required break. If you stop before you enter Ohio for your 30 minute break, you might not have enough time to cross Ohio. Then you will be in violation of Ohio law because you have nowhere to stop.”

The IUOE recommended that “the FMCSA undertake a study of the safety and health benefits of a 30-minute break for operators of specialized CMVs in the construction industry before making a determination on the SCRA's request for an exemption.” IUOE also urged “the FMCSA to study the extent to which the SCRA's primary justification for the exemption from the rule—*i.e.*, the alleged greater danger created by the limited availability of commercial vehicle parking spaces—is factually accurate for most OS/OW loads for which a permit is required given the distances typically travelled. Without this, information, the FMCSA is in no position to evaluate whether the SCRA has met its burden of proof.”

The Advocates for Highway and Auto Safety (Advocates) were among the five respondents who opposed the exemption. The Advocates commented that “None of the measures described by SCRA are related in any way to the need to combat the acute fatigue of working and driving a vehicle for up to eight hours straight. The FMCSA itself made the case that safety requires a one-half hour break after eight hours on duty, and the Application provides no information to either refute or countermand the need for that break time as it applies to OS/OW operators.”

A commenter identified only as Trish said that “All drivers are faced with the

challenge of finding refuge for the required 30 minute break, whether it's from traffic or fear of life in some instances. Continuing to grant exemptions defeats the purpose of the rule and is unfair to grant on the basis of someone's business model. Choosing to haul cattle, household OR oversize should not exempt carriers from the rules and regulations enacted to promote safety."

FMCSA Decision

FMCSA has evaluated SC&RA's application and the public comments and decided to grant the exemption. The arguments against the exemption are not trivial. While livestock may be physically endangered if the vehicle transporting them has to stop while the driver takes a 30-minute break—as recognized in the exemption granted to livestock haulers (79FR 33634, June 11, 2014)—the same cannot be said of OS/OW loads. It is also true that parking shortages affect drivers of many types of vehicle. Nonetheless, finding suitable parking for trucks with OS/OW loads is particularly difficult, as SC&RA pointed out, and the default option is likely to be parking on the shoulder of a highway, with the load sometimes extending into the lanes of traffic. No matter how well marked, trucks parked at roadside, especially at night, are too often mistaken for moving vehicles and struck, frequently with fatal consequences, before an inattentive driver can correct his mistake. Based on available information, the number of such crashes likely to occur during a 30-minute break cannot be estimated, but the Agency has concluded that drivers of OS/OW vehicles are at least as likely to be involved in a crash while parked at roadside during a 30-minute break as while driving during that same period and the hour or so thereafter, where the break typically has the greatest benefit. FMCSA has therefore decided to grant the exemption, subject to the terms and conditions outlined below.

Terms of the Exemption

1. Drivers of specialized loads moving in interstate commerce that exceed normal weight and dimensional limits—oversize/overweight (OS/OW) loads—and require a permit issued by a government authority, are exempt from the requirement for a 30-minute rest break in § 395.3(a)(3)(ii). Drivers of loads not moving in interstate commerce are not eligible for this exemption.

2. Drivers must have a copy of this exemption document in their possession while operating under the terms of the exemption. The exemption document

must be presented to law enforcement officials upon request.

3. All motor carriers operating under this exemption must have a "Satisfactory" safety rating with FMCSA, or be "unrated." Motor carriers with "Conditional" or "Unsatisfactory" FMCSA safety ratings are prohibited from using this exemption.

4. All motor carriers operating under this exemption must have Safety Measurement System (SMS) scores below FMCSA's intervention thresholds, as displayed at <http://ai.fmcsa.dot.gov/sms/>.

Period of the Exemption

This exemption from the requirements of 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii) is granted for the period from 12:01 a.m., June 18, 2015 through 11:59 p.m., June 18, 2017.

Extent of the Exemption

This exemption is limited to the provisions of 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii). These drivers must comply with all other applicable provisions of the FMCSRs.

Preemption

In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 31315(d), during the period this exemption is in effect, no State shall enforce any law or regulation that conflicts with or is inconsistent with this exemption with respect to a firm or person operating under the exemption.

Notification to FMCSA

Any motor carrier utilizing this exemption must notify FMCSA within 5 business days of any accident (as defined in 49 CFR 390.5), involving any of the motor carrier's CMV drivers operating under the terms of this exemption. The notification must include the following information:

- a. Name of operating motor carrier and USDOT number,
- b. Date of the accident,
- c. City or town, and State, in which the accident occurred, or closest to the accident scene,
- d. Driver's name and license number and State of issuance,
- e. Vehicle number and State license plate number,
- f. Number of individuals suffering physical injury,
- g. Number of fatalities,
- h. The police-reported cause of the accident,
- i. Whether the driver was cited for violation of any traffic laws or motor carrier safety regulations, and
- j. The driver's total driving time and total on-duty time period prior to the accident.

Reports filed under this provision shall be emailed to MCPSD@DOT.GOV.

Termination

FMCSA believes carriers transporting OS/OW loads under permit will continue to maintain their previous safety record while operating under this exemption. However, should problems occur, FMCSA will take all steps necessary to protect the public interest, including revocation or restriction of the exemption. The FMCSA will immediately revoke or restrict the exemption for failure to comply with its terms and conditions.

Issued on: June 8, 2015.

T.F. Scott Darling, III,

Chief Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2015-15018 Filed 6-17-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-EX-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

Agency Information Collection Activity; Proposed Collection

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Treasury, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13 (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). Currently, the IRS is soliciting comments concerning Special Valuation Rules.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before August 17, 2015 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Christie A. Preston, Internal Revenue Service, Room 6129, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20224.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information or copies of the regulations should be directed to Martha R. Brinson, Internal Revenue Service, Room 6129, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20224, or through the Internet at Martha.R.Brinson@irs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Special Valuation Rules.

OMB Number: 1545-1241.

Regulation Project Number: TD 8395.



September 3, 2015

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*Setting the Standard
For Quality Service*

Website: www.scranet.org

**Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA)
Hours of Service (HOS) Exemption for Permitted Oversize/Overweight (OS/OW) Loads**

Issued to the Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association (SC&RA)

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

- 1. What is this exemption?**
Drivers of commercial motor vehicles (CMV's) transporting an oversize or overweight load requiring a State permit (including single, annual, blanket permits, etc.) are not required to comply with the minimum 30-minute break hours-of-service (HOS) provision in 49 CFR 395.3(a)(3)(ii).
- 2. When is this exemption effective?**
The exemption is effective 6/18/15 - 6/18/20.
- 3. Does this apply to interstate AND intrastate trips?**
The exemption applies to interstate trips, for which States are required to honor the exemption. HOWEVER, according to the FMCSA, most States also honor these Federal exemptions for intrastate trips. To determine if honored in a particular state, contact the commercial vehicle enforcement agency in that State (often the State Police).
- 4. Must the driver or carrier apply or register to be covered by the exemption?**
No. The exemption as granted to the Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association (SC&RA) is "automatic" for a driver meeting all of the conditions.
- 5. What documentation must the driver have onboard to be covered by the exemption?**
In addition to the State permit, the driver must have onboard a copy of the attached 3-page FMCSA Letter/Federal Register notice.
- 6. Are there any other "Terms and Conditions" of the Exemption?"**
Yes. First, all motor carriers operating under this exemption must have a "Satisfactory" safety rating with FMCSA, or be "unrated." Motor carriers with "Conditional" or "Unsatisfactory" FMCSA ratings are prohibited from using this exemption. Second, all motor carriers operating under this exemption must have Safety Measurement System (SMS) scores below FMCSA's intervention thresholds, as displayed at <http://ai.fmcsa.dot.gov/sms/>.

Finally, any motor carrier utilizing this exemption must notify FMCSA within 5 business days of any accident (as defined in 49CFR 390.5) involving any of the motor carrier's CMV drivers operating under the terms of this exemption. See "Terms and Conditions #5 from the attached FMCSA Exemption Letter/Federal Register for details as to what must be reported.

7. What considerations should be made with respect to driver logs (manual and electronic) and audits, etc.?

It is recommended drivers maintain at least 7 days of permits and carrier maintain at least 6 months of permits. Carriers should consider instructing drivers to note on their logs those days in which the exemption is employed. Carriers employing electronic log books are encouraged to consult their vendors.

8. Must all driving hours leading up to the mandatory break be conducted exclusively while operating on an OS/OW permit?

No. The exemption applies at the point in time when the rest break becomes mandatory and the load is OS/OW under permit. It would not matter if part of the time leading up to the mandatory break was not under an OS/OW permitted load.

The exemption, however, would not apply to most deadhead (return) trips because the vehicle would not be operating under an OS/OW load at the point in time when the rest break becomes mandatory. Both conditions must exist at the same time.

9. To whom may I address additional questions, concerns, suggestions, etc.?

Steven Todd, Vice President
Specialized Carriers & Rigging Association
(703) 698-0291
stodd@scranet.org